

Maryland Benefits from Airports in 2023

- Maryland's economic well-being is closely linked to its vibrant airport system and robust aviation industry. The State's aviation infrastructure enables the broader community to benefit from an increasingly global marketplace.
- Aviation in Maryland both sustains and drives economic growth and development. Protecting and investing in airports will support the aviation industry and maintain its positive impact on local, regional, and state economies. With ongoing support, Maryland's dynamic aviation system will continue to deliver significant economic returns in the years to come.
- Maryland has 34 public-use airports; however, this study includes 33 of them, as it excludes Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport.*
- Maryland's public-use airports account for over 10,000 jobs, including more than 5,000 direct jobs generated by airport and visitor activity.
- Of the over 10,000 total jobs, more than 2,500 included induced jobs that supported local economic sectors through purchases of goods and services by directly employed workers.
- Out of the over 10,000 total jobs, nearly 2,400 were indirect jobs supported by local purchases.
- Nearly \$753 million dollars in personal wages and salary income was created in the State of Maryland by the activity at these airports.
- The industry contributes approximately \$1.425 billion in total economic activity, which includes over \$1.107 billion in business revenue from airport tenants, support services, and visitor services, as well as almost \$312 million in local purchases.



10,225

Jobs Traced to the Aviation Industry



\$1.107B

Business Revenue from Aircraft Handling Fees & Servicing of Aircraft



\$1.425B

Total Economic Activity

2,381

Indirect Jobs

\$312M

Local Purchase by Airport Tenants

\$753M

Total Payroll

* This study excludes Baltimore/Washington Thurgood Marshall International Airport (BWI). A separate study was conducted for BWI.

For More Information, Please Contact:

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Easton Airport/ Newnam Field (ESN)

Maryland Economic Impact of Airports



The Maryland Aviation Administration commissioned this study for the calendar year 2023, to measure the economic impact of airport activity generated by 33 of the State's public-use general aviation and scheduled commercial service airports (study excludes Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport). The approved methodology for this study has successfully been implemented throughout the U.S. to quantify the value of airports and airport systems. The economic contribution of each airport in the Maryland airport system was measured in terms of jobs, personal income, state and local taxes, and revenue generated directly by airport activity, using a base year of 2023 for the analysis.

Determining the Impact

Maryland's airports contribute to both the state and local economies by generating business revenues from various aviation-related activities, including aircraft operations and fuel sales, cargo and package freight services, goods and services for pilots and passengers, and the rents, leases, and services provided by on-airport businesses. In turn, these airport-related businesses hire employees and the wages paid to these employees generate additional spending within the economy. On-airport businesses also purchase goods and contract services from local and regional vendors. State and local governments benefit from an expanded tax base resulting from increased employment and the flow of goods and services. The graphic below shows the economic impacts created by the airport and the statewide system, which are measured in terms of BUSINESS REVENUE, JOBS, PERSONAL INCOME, and TAXES.

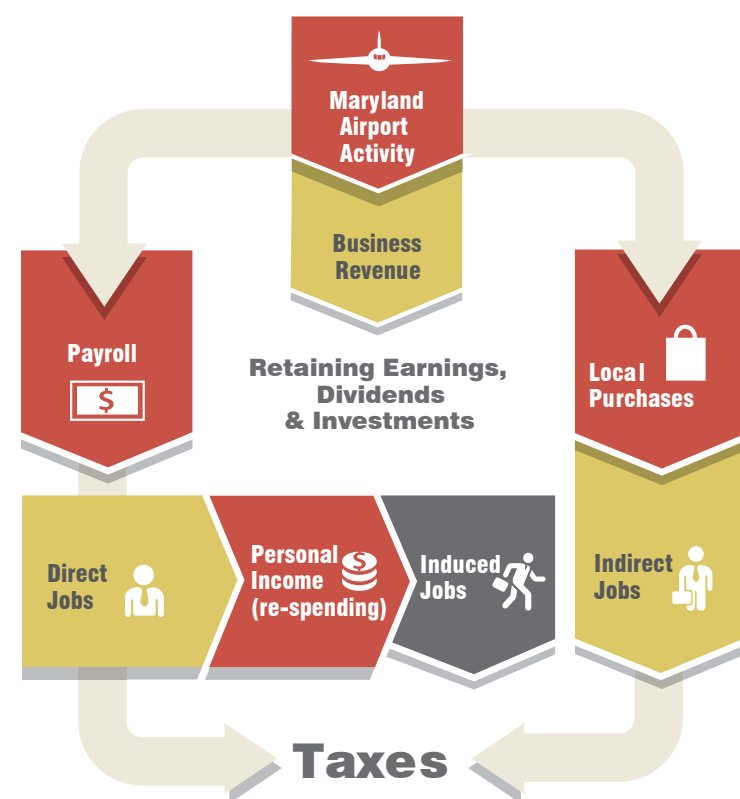
BUSINESS REVENUE: Airport-related business revenue is defined as revenue generated by businesses providing goods and services to commercial airlines, general aviation aircraft, military aircraft, and flight schools. These businesses providing the service and the individuals employed by these firms also pay state, local, and federal taxes.

JOBS: Airport-related employment consists of three levels of job impacts - direct, induced, and indirect employee impact. **DIRECT JOBS** are jobs directly generated by airport activity, which would vanish if activity at the airports were to cease. **INDUCED JOBS** are created throughout the regional economy because individuals directly employed due to airport activity, spend their wages locally on goods and services such as food and housing. **INDIRECT JOBS** are generated due to the purchase of goods and services by firms dependent upon airport activity.

PERSONAL INCOME: Personal Income consists of wages and salaries received by those directly employed by airport activity and includes a re-spending impact which measures the personal consumption activity in the region of those directly employed as the result of airport activity. Indirect personal income measures the wages and salaries received by those indirectly employed.

TAXES: State and local taxes are paid by businesses and individuals involved in providing goods and services in support of airport activity.

Flow of Economic Impact



Easton Airport/Newnam Field

Easton Airport/Newnam Field (ESN) is a public-use general aviation airport owned by Talbot County. Located on the Delmarva Peninsula approximately 2 miles north of Easton, it has two intersecting runways with full parallel taxiways. It has a precision and non-precision instrument approaches and an FAA contract air traffic control tower. The airport is included in the FAA's National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems (NPIAS), making it eligible to receive federal funds. As a General Aviation Airport, it accommodates the basic needs of general aviation aircraft and pilots.

The airport has two runways, Runway 04/22, that is 5,500-feet-long by 100-feet-wide, and Runway 15/33 that is 4,000-feet-long by 100-feet-wide. There are 220 based aircraft consisting of single- and multi-engine aircraft, jets, and helicopters. Additionally, a few gliders are based on-site. Four Fixed Base Operators (FBOs) are based on the field: Easton Jet Service, Maryland Air, NexGen Flight Solutions, and Trident Aviation. The services they provide include fuel (100LL and Jet A), aircraft parking and storage (tie-downs and T-hangars), professional air charter services, rental cars, aircraft rentals, hangar space, catering, conference room, work-out gym, weather centers, and courtesy cars. There is a café located in the terminal building.

Several other aviation-related businesses are conveniently located at the airport. Aircraft repair services are available from Air Repair and Trident Aviation, while aircraft sales are offered by Trident Aviation and Omni Jet Trading. Aloft Biplane Rides affords the opportunity to soar the skies over Talbot County in a 1942 open cockpit Boeing Stearman. East Coast Flight Services offers air charters. Flight training and aircraft rentals are available from Easton Aviation and Trident Aviation.

The Maryland State Police base one of their helicopters at the airport providing emergency medical services, search and rescue, and law enforcement. Additionally, the Talbot County Emergency Medical Services division operates five Advanced Life Support (ALS) units out of the airport providing the community access to advanced medical treatment during emergencies and rapid transport to hospitals.

